Key messages for working with people who self-neglect

All agencies have a role to play in supporting people who self-neglect. This document will help you and your agency to play your part.



Relationship building is crucial. Try to really get to know the person and 'get alongside' them; show interest and concern. Communicate clearly and regularly with the person.



Try to find out why the person is self-neglecting – this may be connected with trauma, grief, mental health episodes or other experiences.

Don't just look at the current picture; try to piece together the person's life story and find out what is important to them.



Undertake a thorough risk assessment and explain your concerns openly to the person who is self-neglecting.



Look at the person's family network and any community networks and think about how these might help support the person.



Be clear about your role and responsibilities and those of others. Think about how to link up with others agencies involved to ensure a joined up approach. Share the risk and ensure that everyone understands that

persistence and commitment require time.



Consider mental capacity in relation to the decisions which need to be made – is the person able to understand information / retain it / weigh it / communicate their decision?

Also consider the person's 'executive functioning' – they may appear to understand but can they / will they see the decision through in action?



Be patient and work at their pace. Be prepared for long-term involvement – self-neglect situations are rarely resolved quickly.



The term 'self-neglect' can be perceived as a very stigmatising and emotive term – be careful how you use it. Don't dismiss self-neglect as a 'lifestyle choice' or take an initial rejection of support as final. Work on shared goals, not goals based on how you think they should live

To find out more and to access further guidance, visit the Lambeth Safeguarding Adults Board website at www.lambethsab.org.uk

